

# 993501 Lyreco Whiteboard Marker C/Tip Red

Lyreco Group (Lyreco France)

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 3

Chemwatch: 4854-60  
Version No: 2.1.1.1  
Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Regulations (EC) No 453/2010)

Issue Date: 06/04/2013  
Print Date: 02/19/2015  
Initial Date: Not Available  
S.REACH.GBR.EN

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product Identifier

Product name	993501 Lyreco Whiteboard Marker C/Tip Red
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Other means of identification	Not Available
Index number	Not Applicable

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Whiteboard marker. NOTE: Information on this SDS refers to ink used in pens and markers, however, it applies to these inks in bulk.
Uses advised against	Not Applicable

### 1.3. Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Lyreco Group (Lyreco France)
Address	Rue du 19 Mars 1962 Marly 59770 France
Telephone	+33 3 27 23 64 00 (9a.m-5p.m. CET.)
Fax	Not Available
Website	Not Available
Email	Not Available

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	+33 3 27 23 64 00 (9a.m-5p.m. CET.)
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

**Considered a dangerous mixture according to Directive 1999/45/EC, Reg. (EC) No 1272/2008 (if applicable) and their amendments. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.**

#### CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS


	Min	Max
Flammability	3	
Toxicity	2	
Body Contact	2	
Reactivity	1	
Chronic	2	

0 = Minimum  
1 = Low  
2 = Moderate  
3 = High  
4 = Extreme

DSD classification	In case of mixtures, classification has been prepared by following DPD (Directive 1999/45/EC) and CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 regulations
DPD classification [1]	R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. R11 Highly flammable.
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 2, STOT - SE (Narcosis) Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI

### 2.2. Label elements

Continued...

CLP label elements	
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SIGNAL WORD	<b>DANGER</b>
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**Hazard statement(s)**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Supplementary statement(s)**

Not Applicable

**Precautionary statement(s) Prevention**

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

**Precautionary statement(s) Response**

P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam for extinction.
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**Precautionary statement(s) Storage**

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
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**Precautionary statement(s) Disposal**

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration
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**2.3. Other hazards**

	Inhalation, skin contact and/or ingestion may produce health damage*.
	May produce discomfort of the eyes, respiratory tract and skin*.
	Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

**SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****3.1. Substances**

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

**3.2. Mixtures**

1.CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No	%[weight]	Name	Classification according to directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]
1.64-17-5 2.200-578-6 3.603-002-00-5 4.01-2119457610-43-XXXX	>50	<a href="#">ethanol</a>	R11 [2]	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 [3]
1.107-98-2 2.203-539-1, 215-306-1, 216-455-5 3.603-064-00-3, 603-106-00-0 4.01-2119457435-35-XXXX	10-25	<a href="#">propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer</a>	R10, R67, R61, R37/38, R41 [2]	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, Flam. Liq. 3, Repr. 1B, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1; H226, H336, H360D ***, H335, H315, H318 [3]
1.67-63-0 2.200-661-7 3.603-117-00-0 4.01-2119457558-25-XXXX	2.5-10	<a href="#">isopropanol</a>	R11, R36, R67 [2]	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3; H225, H319, H336 [3]

**Legend:** 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from EC Directive 67/548/EEC - Annex I; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI  
4. Classification drawn from C&L

**SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES****4.1. Description of first aid measures**

General	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ If swallowed do <b>NOT</b> induce vomiting.</li> <li>▶ If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>▶ Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>▶ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>▶ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical advice.</li> <li>▶ If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> </ul>
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Continued...

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>▶ Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>▶ Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>▶ Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> </ul> <p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul> <p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
<b>Eye Contact</b>	<p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Wash out immediately with fresh running water.</li> <li>▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>
<b>Skin Contact</b>	<p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>
<b>Inhalation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>▶ Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>▶ Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>▶ Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>▶ Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> </ul>
<b>Ingestion</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</b></li> <li>▶ If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>▶ Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>▶ Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>▶ Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

For acute or short term repeated exposures to ethanol:

- ▶ Acute ingestion in non-tolerant patients usually responds to supportive care with special attention to prevention of aspiration, replacement of fluid and correction of nutritional deficiencies (magnesium, thiamine pyridoxine, Vitamins C and K).
- ▶ Give 50% dextrose (50-100 ml) IV to obtunded patients following blood draw for glucose determination.
- ▶ Comatose patients should be treated with initial attention to airway, breathing, circulation and drugs of immediate importance (glucose, thiamine).
- ▶ Decontamination is probably unnecessary more than 1 hour after a single observed ingestion. Cathartics and charcoal may be given but are probably not effective in single ingestions.
- ▶ Fructose administration is contra-indicated due to side effects.

## SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- ▶ Alcohol stable foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

- |                             |                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire Incompatibility</b> | ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- |                      |                                                                   |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire Fighting</b> | ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

- |                              |                                           |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <b>Fire/Explosion Hazard</b> | ▶ Liquid and vapour are highly flammable. |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- |                     |                                            |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| <b>Minor Spills</b> | ▶ Remove all ignition sources.             |
| <b>Major Spills</b> | ▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. |

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

## SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

<b>Safe handling</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin</li> <li>▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.</li> </ul>
<b>Fire and explosion protection</b>	See section 5
<b>Other information</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Store in original containers in approved flame-proof area.</li> </ul>

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

<b>Suitable container</b>	▶ Packing as supplied by manufacturer.
<b>Storage incompatibility</b>	▶ Avoid oxidising agents, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, chloroformates.

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

## SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### DERIVED NO EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL)

Not Available

#### PREDICTED NO EFFECT LEVEL (PNEC)

Not Available

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)	ethanol	Ethanol	1920 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 1000 ppm	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	1-Methoxypropan-2-ol	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 100 ppm	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 150 ppm	Not Available	Sk
European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (English)	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	1-Methoxypropanol-2	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 100 ppm	568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 150 ppm	Not Available	Skin
EU Consolidated List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs)	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	1-Methoxypropan-2-ol	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 100 ppm	568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 150 ppm	Not Available	Skin
UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)	isopropanol	Propan-2-ol	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 400 ppm	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / 500 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

#### EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
ethanol	Ethyl alcohol; (Ethanol)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether; (Ucar Triol HG-170)	150 ppm	150 ppm	470 ppm
isopropanol	Isopropyl alcohol	400 ppm	400 ppm	12000 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
ethanol	15,000 ppm	3,300 [LEL] ppm
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Not Available	Not Available
isopropanol	12,000 ppm	2,000 [LEL] ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

<b>8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
<b>8.2.2. Personal protection</b>	
<b>Eye and face protection</b>	▶ Safety glasses with side shields.

<b>Skin protection</b>	See Hand protection below
<b>Hands/feet protection</b>	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
<b>Body protection</b>	See Other protection below
<b>Other protection</b>	▶ Overalls.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not Available

## Recommended material(s)

### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the **computer-generated** selection:

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Material	CPI
NEOPRENE	A
NITRILE	B
PVC	B

\* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

**NOTE:** As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

## Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 5 x ES	A-AUS / Class 1	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 25 x ES	Air-line*	A-2	A-PAPR-2
up to 50 x ES	-	A-3	-
50+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

\* - Continuous-flow; \*\* - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO<sub>2</sub>), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH<sub>3</sub>), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

## 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Red highly flammable liquid with a characteristic odour; mixes with water.		
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid	<b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>	0.860
<b>Odour</b>	Not Available	<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b>	Not Available
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not Available	<b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>	287 (ignition temp.)
<b>pH (as supplied)</b>	Not Available	<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not Available
<b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>	Not Available	<b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>	8
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b>	78	<b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>	Not Applicable
<b>Flash point (°C)</b>	13	<b>Taste</b>	Not Available
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not Available	<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability</b>	HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.	<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Not Available
<b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>	15.0	<b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>	Not Available
<b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>	1.7	<b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>	5.9	<b>Gas group</b>	Not Available
<b>Solubility in water (g/L)</b>	Miscible	<b>pH as a solution(1%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapour density (Air = 1)</b>	Not Available	<b>VOC g/L</b>	Not Available

### 9.2. Other information

	Not Available
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## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>10.1.Reactivity</b>	See section 7.2
<b>10.2.Chemical stability</b>	▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
<b>10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	See section 7.2
<b>10.4. Conditions to avoid</b>	See section 7.2

10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	Skin contact with the material may damage the health of the individual; systemic effects may result following absorption.
Eye	This material can cause eye irritation and damage in some persons.
Chronic	Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

993501 Lyreco Whiteboard Marker C/Tip Red	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
		Not Available
ethanol	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 17100 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 500 mg SEVERE
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 64000 ppm/4h <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit):100mg/24hr-moderate
	Oral (rat) LD50: >11872769 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin (rabbit):20 mg/24hr-moderate
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit) 230 mg mild
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 10000 ppm/5 h.d <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit) 500 mg/24 h.
	Oral (rat) LD50: 5207.2 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg SEVERE
isopropanol	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 12792 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 10 mg - moderate
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 72.6 mg/L/4h <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - SEVERE
	Oral (rat) LD50: 5000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100mg/24hr-moderate
<b>Legend:</b>	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's msds unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances	

993501 Lyreco Whiteboard Marker C/Tip Red	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.
ETHANOL	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER - ALPHA ISOMER	for propylene glycol ethers (PGEs): Typical propylene glycol ethers include propylene glycol n-butyl ether (PnB); dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether (DPnB); dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether (TPM). NOTE: For PGE - mixed isomers: Exposure of pregnant rats and rabbits to the substance did not give rise to teratogenic effects at concentrations up to 3000 ppm.
ISOPROPANOL	Isopropanol is irritating to the eyes, nose and throat but generally not to the skin.

Acute Toxicity	☹	Carcinogenicity	☹
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	☹	Reproductivity	☹
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	☹	STOT - Single Exposure	✓
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	☹	STOT - Repeated Exposure	☹
Mutagenicity	☹	Aspiration Hazard	☹

**Legend:** ✓ – Data required to make classification available  
 ✗ – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification  
 ☹ – Data Not Available to make classification

### CMR STATUS

SKIN	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) - Skin	Skin
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**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**12.1. Toxicity**

**DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethanol	LOW (Half-life = 2.17 days)	LOW (Half-life = 5.08 days)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW (Half-life = 56 days)	LOW (Half-life = 1.7 days)
isopropanol	LOW (Half-life = 14 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3 days)

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethanol	LOW (LogKOW = -0.31)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW (BCF = 2)
isopropanol	LOW (LogKOW = 0.05)

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

Ingredient	Mobility
ethanol	HIGH (KOC = 1)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	HIGH (KOC = 1)
isopropanol	HIGH (KOC = 1.06)

**12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

	P	B	T
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
PBT and vPvB Criteria fulfilled?	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

**12.6. Other adverse effects**

No data available


**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

<b>Product / Packaging disposal</b>	▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
<b>Waste treatment options</b>	Not Available
<b>Sewage disposal options</b>	Not Available

**SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Labels Required**

	
<b>Marine Pollutant</b>	NO
<b>HAZCHEM</b>	•3YE

**Land transport (ADR)**

<b>14.1. UN number</b>	1263
<b>14.2. Packing group</b>	II
<b>14.3. UN proper shipping name</b>	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
<b>14.4. Environmental hazard</b>	No relevant data
<b>14.5. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	Class : 3 Subrisk : Not Applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	163 640C 640D 650
	Limited quantity	5 L

**Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)**

14.1. UN number	1263	
14.2. Packing group	II	
14.3. UN proper shipping name	Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)	
14.4. Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	3
	ICAO / IATA Subrisk	Not Applicable
	ERG Code	3L
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A3 A72 A192
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	364
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	353
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	5 L
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y341
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	1 L

**Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)**

14.1. UN number	1263	
14.2. Packing group	II	
14.3. UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	
14.4. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable	
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class	3
	IMDG Subrisk	Not Applicable
14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number	F-E , S-E
	Special provisions	163
	Limited Quantities	5 L

**Inland waterways transport (ADN)**

14.1. UN number	1263	
14.2. Packing group	II	
14.3. UN proper shipping name	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	
14.4. Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
14.5. Transport hazard class(es)	3   Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Classification code	F1
	Limited quantity	5 L
	Equipment required	PP, EX, A
	Fire cones number	1

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code**

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	Z

**SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

<b>ethanol(64-17-5) is found on the following regulatory lists</b>	"European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)", "UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)", "EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles", "European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI", "European Union (EU) Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC on Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances - updated by ATP: 31"
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<p><b>propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer(107-98-2) is found on the following regulatory lists</b></p>	<p>"EU Consolidated List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Slovak)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Lithuanian)", "European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Polish)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (French)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Slovenian)", "EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII (Appendix 6) Toxic to reproduction: category 1B (Table 3.1)/category 2 (Table 3.2)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Swedish)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Italian)", "European Trade Union Confederation (ETUC) Priority List for REACH Authorisation", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Danish)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Maltese)", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (English)", "European Union (EU) Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC on Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances (updated by ATP: 31) - Reprotoxic Substances", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Latvian)", "UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)", "EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (German)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Spanish)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Finnish)", "European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Greek)", "European Union (EU) Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC on Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances - updated by ATP: 31", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Portuguese)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Hungarian)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Romanian)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Czech)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Bulgarian)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Dutch)", "Europe AeroSpace and Defence Industries Association of Europe (ASD) REACH Implementation Working Group Priority Declarable Substances List (PDSL)", "European Union (EU) First List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values (IOELVs) (Estonian)"</p>
<p><b>isopropanol(67-63-0) is found on the following regulatory lists</b></p>	<p>"European Customs Inventory of Chemical Substances ECICS (English)", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs", "European Trade Union Confederation (ETUC) Priority List for REACH Authorisation", "European Union - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) (English)", "EU REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles", "UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)", "European Union (EU) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures - Annex VI", "European Union (EU) Annex I to Directive 67/548/EEC on Classification and Labelling of Dangerous Substances - updated by ATP: 31"</p>

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : 67/548/EEC, 1999/45/EC, 98/24/EC, 92/85/EC, 94/33/EC, 91/689/EEC, 1999/13/EC, Regulation (EU) No 453/2010, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and their amendments as well as the following British legislation: - The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 - COSHH Essentials - The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For further information please look at the Chemical Safety Assessment and Exposure Scenarios prepared by your Supply Chain if available.

### ECHA SUMMARY

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
ethanol	64-17-5	603-002-00-5	01-2119457610-43-XXXX

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Flam. Liq. 2	GHS02, Dgr	H225
2	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT RE 1, Muta. 1B, Repr. 1A, Acute Tox. 3, STOT SE 1, Met. Corr. 1, Skin Corr. 1B, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1	Dgr, GHS01, GHS08, Wng, GHS06, GHS05	H225, H319, H340, H304, H372, H315, H220, H360, H301, H311, H331, H370
1	Carc. 2	GHS08, Wng	H351
2	Carc. 2	GHS08, Wng	H351

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
propylene glycol monomethyl ether - alpha isomer	107-98-2	603-064-00-3, 603-106-00-0	01-2119457435-35-XXXX

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1, Repr. 1B	GHS07, GHS02, Wng, GHS05, GHS08, Dgr	H226, H336, H315, H318, H335, H360
2	Flam. Liq. 3, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 2, Repr. 1B, Acute Tox. 4, Eye Irrit. 2, Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Dam. 1	GHS02, Wng, GHS08, Dgr, GHS03, GHS05	H371, H360, H225, H226, H315, H318, H370

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

Ingredient	CAS number	Index No	ECHA Dossier
isopropanol	67-63-0	603-117-00-0	01-2119457558-25-XXXX

Harmonisation (C&L Inventory)	Hazard Class and Category Code(s)	Pictograms Signal Word Code(s)	Hazard Statement Code(s)
1	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3	GHS07, GHS02, Dgr	H225, H319, H336
2	Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 1, Eye Irrit. 2A, Repr. 2, STOT RE 2	GHS02, Dgr, GHS08, GHS03	H225, H319, H370, H312, H340, H302, H361, H373

Harmonisation Code 1 = The most prevalent classification. Harmonisation Code 2 = The most severe classification.

## SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

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**Full text Risk and Hazard codes**

H220	Extremely flammable gas
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H340	May cause genetic defects
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H360D ***	May damage the unborn child.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs
H371	May cause damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
R10	Flammable.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R37/38	Irritating to respiratory system and skin.
R41	Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R61	May cause harm to the unborn child.

**Other information**

**DSD / DPD label elements**



Relevant risk statements are found in section 2.1

<b>Indication(s) of danger</b>	F
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**SAFETY ADVICE**

S02	Keep out of reach of children.
S09	Keep container in a well ventilated place.
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking.
S23	Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.
S29	Do not empty into drains.
S33	Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
S41	In case of fire and/or explosion, DO NOT BREATHE FUMES.
S43	In case of fire use...
S51	Use only in well ventilated areas.
S56	Dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point.

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:  
[www.chemwatch.net/references](http://www.chemwatch.net/references)

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

- EN 166 Personal eye-protection
- EN 340 Protective clothing
- EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms
- EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals
- EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

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